Literature Circles Resource Guide

Teaching Suggestions, Forms, Sample Book Lists, and Database

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Tools for Discussion

Brainstorming Ideas—With your students, brainstorm some ideas about what they can talk about during discussions.

Quote and Question—As students read, ask them to find one quote that stood out for them and raise one question that genuinely puzzled them.

Prompts—(See Journal Prompts, p. 52)

Guided Topic—You may want to suggest a topic for discussion that you introduce through a focus lesson. This is a good way to tie in a focus on theme, genre, or author.

Student-generated Questions—Generate a list of open-ended questions with your students.

"Post-it" Notes-These small "flags" work well to identify passages that students want to share in a discussion. As they read, students can make short notes or write questions on the "Post-it" notes to remind them of what they want to discuss.

Bookmarks—Students can use bookmarks to note interesting or puzzling words they encounter, to write questions, and to record ideas worth discussina.

Golden Lines—"Golden lines"—quotes from the book—are an easy and effective source of interesting discussion material. Many students find it much easier to select something the author said than to come up with their 2 Kitchen cabinet/blackboard own reactions.

Discussion Log—Discussion logs are a more structured way to prompt students to collect quotes, questions, and interesting words. They provide just enough space for a quick notation and differ from a journal entry, whose purpose is extended and reflective response.

Getting Started with Literature Circles

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What Makes a Good Discussion?

- · Empathetic Listening: Give your complete attention to the speakers, showing the people in your group that you value their thoughts.
 - Use positive body language
 - Eye contact
 - Hands resting
- Responding to Group Members: Expand on other group members' ideas by sharing your thoughts and feelings about what they contributed to the conversations.
- · Clarifying: Probe to understand each other's ideas better.
 - Tell me more about . . .
 - What do you mean . . .?
 - Why do you think . . .?
- · Sharing Ideas and Justifying Opinions: Share parts of the book that are important to you and explain why they are important. Justify your opinions.
 - I think because . . .
 - I wonder . . .
 - I was surprised . . .
 - This part reminds me of . . .
 - I don't understand . . .
 - I like this section of writing because . . .
 - I noticed . . .
 - I wish . . .
 - My favorite part is because . . .
- Self-reflection: Consider what has been done well, and make decisions about what needs to be improved. Set goals for the future.

Oral Response Discussion

Focus Questions for Anecdotal Notes: Literature Discussions

- 1. Is the student prepared for the literature discussion?
- 2. Does the student use the text to share passages? To support ideas and opinions? How effectively?
- 3. Does the student listen actively to others?
- 4. Does the student ask questions? What kinds?
- 5. Do the questions get a thoughtful response? Which are most effective?
- 6. Does the student contribute thoughtful ideas?
- 7. Does the student make predictions? How effectively?
- 8. Does the student build on other people's comments?
- 9. Does the student keep the group on task?
- 10. Does the student discuss unknown or interesting words?
- 11. Does the student make personal connections to his/her life? At what levels?
- 12. Does the student make connections to other books, authors, and experiences?
- 13. Does the student discuss the author's craft and word choice?
- 14. Does the student discuss literary elements (plot, setting, characters)?
- 15. Can the student reflect on literature circle participation and set goals?

Discussion Etiquette

Discussion Elements	Looks Like:	Sounds Like:
Focused on Discussion Body posture Eye contact	Eyes on speaker Hands empty Sit up Mind is focused Face speaker	Speaker's voice only Paying attention Appropriate responses Voices low One voice at a time
Active Participation Respond to ideas Share feelings	Eyes on speaker Hands to yourself Hands empty Talking one at a time Head nodding	Appropriate responses Follow off others' ideas Nice comments Positive attitudes
Asking Questions for Clarification	Listening Hands empty	Positive, nice questions Polite answers
Piggybacking Off Others' Ideas	Listening Paying attention	Positive, nice talking Wait for people to finish
Disagreeing Constructively	Look at the speaker Nice face, nice looks	Polite responses Let people finish talking Quiet voices No put downs
Active Listening	Paying attention Hands empty Looking at the speaker	Quiet Speaker's voice only
Taking Turns to Let Others Speak	One person talking Attention on the speaker	One voice
Supporting Opinions with Evidence	Use the book and form	Piggybacking off others Help others find evidence One voice Let people finish talking
Encouraging Others	Eyes on speaker Head nodding	Positive responses Appropriate responses

Literature Circles Self-Evaluation

Name:	Date:
5 = Always 4 = Almost all of the time 3 = Sometimes 2 = Occasionally 1 = Never	Author:
I was quiet and listend I wrote thoughtfully in I dated my journal ent I remembered to write to be discussed in the I stayed on task durin I took an active role d about the book. I was cooperative and	my response journal.
next literature circle to mal	ext book? What do you plan on doing differently during your ke yourself a better reader/participator?
(5)	Literature Extension Activity after watching the video of your presentation.)
	ct time?
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Discussion: Self-Reflection

Name:	Date:			
Title:	Autho	or:		
		Yes	Sometimes	Not Yet
I was an empathetic listener by giving my complete attention.				
I responded to other group members' ideas	ò.		Council	
I asked questions to clarify my understandithe book and/or to help me better understate other group members' ideas.	ng of Ind			
I shared parts of the book that were import to me and explained why they were import	ant ant.			
What is a new insight or appreciation you discussion? (Did you learn something new remember most about the discussion?)	gained about	today	y during you book? What o	do you
Goal: Next time, I want to work on				
Joan Noxt timo, i want to the				
	-			

Bookmark

Author: List favorite or important pages, quotes, scenes, interesting or unknown words.
Author:List favorite or important pages, quotes, scenes, interesting or unknown words.
List favorite or important pages, quotes, scenes, interesting or unknown words.
scenes, interesting or unknown words.
TO THE PERSON OF

Bookmark

Name:
Title:
Author:
List favorite or important pages, quotes, scenes, interesting or unknown words.

Oral Response Discussions

Discussion Summary/Group Feedback

Name:	Date:
Title:	Author:
	d well and/or learned today during your literature
Management of the second of th	
Comments from other g	
1	
3	
4	

Literature Response Log

Name:	Pages: Date:
Title:	Author:
Res	ponse
	r Discussion
I'd like to talk to my group about I'd like to ask that/when	them I wonder why It was interesting
ulabwhen	
Are Yo	ou Ready?
 ☐ I finished my assigned reading ☐ I dated and labeled my responses ☐ I put my best effort into my 	☐ I completed my responses ☐ I marked the parts I wanted to share
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Journal Response Forms

Diary Entries—Choose an incident or event from your story that might cause one of the characters to respond in a journal. Taking the role of the character, explain what happened and how you felt about it. You might want to create journal entries for more than one day in your character's life.

Cause/Effect Explanation—Find a place in your book where something happened as a result of an action taken by a character or by an event that occurred. On one side of your paper, illustrate what you see as the cause. Write a brief explanation underneath. On the other side, illustrate the result and write your explanation.

Letters-Write a letter to a friend, to your literature circle group, to a character in your book, or to the author. Share your thoughts, questions, and feelings about the book so far.

Character Web-Draw a portrait of your selected character in the middle of your journal page. List three to five traits that describe that character; write these around the character's portrait. (Adaptation: Now find a specific passage from your book to support each trait. Copy that passage next to the trait. Be sure to list the page number.)

Sketching and Drawing-Use shape, design, image, and color to represent what you feel about your book. You might want to recreate a significant scene, depict how a character is feeling, capture the mood or tone of the events in this chapter, illustrate the conflict, or portray your feelings about this book at this point in your reading.

Journal Comments

Name:	Date:
Title:	
	ation, page numbers, neat appearance)
	*
Journal Entries	supported with examples/details, neat
Vocabulary (at least 10 words and definitions to	o talk about)
	esponse Rubric

Classroom Based Assessment

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